

READING 34 (*slightly edited*) *The historian Florus reviews the qualities of Rome's first seven kings: Romulus, Numa, Tullus Hostilius, Ancus, [Tarquin, Servius,] and Tarquinius Superbus.*

Haec est p̄ima aet̄as popul̄i R̄om̄an̄i et quasi **infantia**, quam habuit sub r̄egibus septem, quādam f̄at̄orum industriā tam variis ingeniō, ut reī p̄blicaē ratiō et ūtilit̄as postulābat. nam quis R̄omulō ardentior? tālī opus fuit, ut invāderet r̄egnum. quis Numā religiōsior? ita r̄es poposcit, ut ferōx populus deōrum metū **m̄itigār̄etur**. quid ille **m̄ilitiae** artifex Tullus? bellātōribus vir̄is quam **necessārius** [fuit], ut acueret ratiōne virtūtem! quid **aedificātor** Ancus, ut urbem **colōniā extenderet**, ponte iungeret, mūrō tuēr̄etur? ... Postrēmō Superbī illius inportūna **dominātiō** nōn nihil, plūrimum vērō pr̄ofuit. Sic enim **agitātus** iniūr̄is populus cupidit̄ate lib̄ertātis incendēbatur.

Vocabulary:

quasi (adv.)	as it were	bellātor, -ōris	warlike
infantia, -ae <i>f.</i>	infancy	quam necessārius	“how necessary”
industria, -ae <i>f.</i>	diligence, activity	acuō, -ere	to sharpen
tam variis ... ut	“so different ... as”	aedificātor, -ōris <i>m.</i>	architect, builder
variis <i>modifies</i> r̄egibus		colōnia, -ae <i>f.</i>	colony (Ostia)
ūtilit̄as, -tātis <i>f.</i>	advantage, usefulness	extendō, -ere	to extend, expand
ardēns, -ntis	eager, passionate, bold	tuēor, -ērī	to guard, protect
invādō, -ere	to seize, take hold of	postrēmō (adv.)	finally
religiōsus, -a, -um	pious, religious	inportūnus, -a, -um	savage, uncivil
poscō, -ere, poposcī	to demand, require	dominātiō, -iōnis <i>f.</i>	dominion, rule
ferōx, -ōcis	fierce, insolent, wild	pr̄osum, -desse,	to be useful,
m̄itigō, -āre	to tame, soften	pr̄ofuī	benefit
quid	“what about?”	agitō, -āre, -āvī,	to agitate, disturb
m̄ilitia, -ae <i>f.</i>	army	-ātus	
artifex, -ficis <i>m.</i>	creator, originator		